## WORKFORCE OBSERVATIONS FOR WEST CENTRAL WISCONSIN COUNTIES

State of Wisconsin
Department of Workforce Development

FEBRUARY 2003

## Unemployment rates climb as winter takes hold

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the Eau Claire-Chippewa metropolitan statistical (MSA) area declined in January to 5.0 percent from a revised 5.5 percent in December. The unemployment rate declined as the number of unemployed in the area dropped from a seasonally adjusted 4,700 in December to 4,400 in January.

Seasonal adjustment is designed to remove typical seasonal trends from changes in the labor force and reveal the underlying trends in the labor market. In January, however, seasonal adjustment corrected an unusually large increase in the number of unemployed in December. The unadjusted estimates for Eau Claire and Chippewa counties do show the increase in the number of unemployed residents.

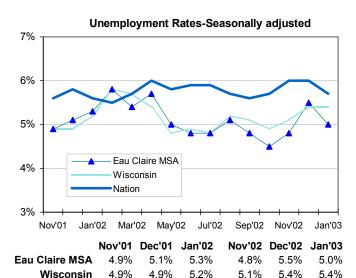
Compared with one year ago, there are 100 fewer unemployed in the metro area and the unemployment rate is down three-tenths of a percentage point. The local rate is lower than both the state and national seasonally adjusted unemployment rates of 5.4 and 5.7 percent, respectively. The Eau Claire MSA rate is also lower than four of the state's eleven metropolitan areas.

Many of the unemployed residents in the area filed claims for unemployment insurance benefits. Nearly half of the claimants filing for benefits had worked for construction firms and manufacturers. There was also an increase in the number of workers laid off in retail trade and services following the holidays but the increase was only slightly higher than in previous years. Many of those filing claims for unemployment benefits will return to work by

mid-April, but others affected by a permanent reduction will not.

In mid-January there were 3,577 claims filed for unemployment benefits by residents in the metropolitan area. That number increased to 3,939 by mid-February. The number of claimants in the rural counties of West Central Wisconsin also increased following the holidays. By mid-January there were 5,486 claims for benefits which increased to 6,184 by mid-February. In both areas the numbers are higher than one year earlier.

The increase in claims in the rural counties was reflected in an increase in the number of total unemployed in the region. In January there were 17,560 residents out of work and looking for a job,



5.6%

**Nation** 

5.8%

5.6%

6.0%

6.0%

5.7%

## Civilian Labor Force Estimates, not seasonally adjusted, for West Central Wisconsin counties

	Barron			Chippewa			Clark			Dunn			Eau Claire Co.		
	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02
Civilian labor force	24,897	24,047	24,185	31,913	31,567	31,126	15,918	15,428	15,823	23,578	23,250	23,020	53,640	53,604	51,996
Employed	22,886	22,538	22,315	29,165	29,383	28,212	14,379	14,305	14,212	22,165	22,155	21,587	50,879	51,259	49,217
Unemployed	2,011	1,509	1,870	2,748	2,184	2,914	1,539	1,123	1,611	1,413	1,095	1,433	2,761	2,345	2,779
% unemployed	8.1	6.3	7.7	8.6	6.9	9.4	9.7	7.3	10.2	6.0	4.7	6.2	5.1	4.4	5.3
		Pepin			Pierce			Polk			St. Croix		West	Central re	egion
	Jan '03		Jan '02	Jan '03		Jan '02	Jan '03		Jan '02	Jan '03			West Jan '03		_
Civilian labor force				Jan '03 21,744	Dec '02			Dec '02			Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02
Civilian labor force Employed		Dec '02		21,744	Dec '02 21,392	21,355	24,405	Dec '02 23,674	23,560	Jan '03	Dec '02 37,958	Jan '02 37,422	Jan '03 237,809	Dec '02	Jan '02 231,670
	3,232	Dec '02 3,247	3,183	21,744 20,338	Dec '02 21,392	21,355	24,405 22,172	Dec '02 23,674	23,560	Jan '03 38,482 35,255	Dec '02 37,958	Jan '02 37,422	Jan '03 237,809	Dec '02 234,167	Jan '02 231,670

**Industry Employment Estimate: Current month - January 2003** 

		Barron			Clark			Dunn			Pepin	
	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02
Total Nonfarm	21,208	21,609	21,004	9,659	9,799	9,578	15,878	16,421	15,652	2,160	2,261	2,101
Const/Min'g/Nat. Resources	487	662	550	419	489	435	475	630	501	149	165	148
Manufacturing	6,256	6,186	6,416	2,657	2,649	2,724	2,216	2,207	2,191	164	168	180
Trade	3,429	3,527	3,569	1,394	1,411	1,363	2,401	2,441	2,302	483	468	503
Transportation & Utilities	423	470	453	379	415	363	1,780	1,726	1,697	48	54	72
Financial Activities	530	502	470	314	284	287	439	435	420	80	76	78
Education & Health Services	2,237	2,228	2,184	1,117	1,119	1,086	1,300	1,322	1,289	288	283	276
Leisure & Hospitality	1,646	1,888	1,507	703	669	586	1,376	1,504	1,352	219	264	94
Info/Prof.& Bus.Serv./Other	1,545	1,554	1,487	617	604	612	1,170	1,259	1,242	172	211	201
Total Government	4,655	4,592	4,368	2,059	2,159	2,122	4,721	4,897	4,659	557	572	549
	Pierce			Polk			St. Croix			Eau Claire MSA		
	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02	Jan '03	Dec '02	Jan '02
Total Nonfarm	9,619	10,664	9,570	14,770	15,128	14,544	25,984	26,785	25,757	74,170	77,546	73,001
Const/Min'g/Nat. Resources	459	560	427	656	762	605	1,375	1,639	1,293	2,519	2,831	2,513
Manufacturing	834	844	816	3,782	3,827	3,882	5,691	5,811	6,032	11,228	11,276	11,198
Trade	1,163	1,234	1,150	1,969	2,018	2,055	4,264	4,254	4,192	12,508	12,926	12,718
Transportation & Utilities	408	450	435	319	316	315	944	1,004	915	2,843	2,857	2,582
Financial Activities	404	393	370	545	535	521	984	980	945	3,730	3,715	3,633
Education & Health Services	1,056	1,097	1,040	2,025	2,045	1,945	2,788	2,805	2,743	12,198	12,278	11,708
Leisure & Hospitality	1,208	1,286	1,127	1,317	1,340	1,230	3,008	3,082	2,712	6,977	7,140	6,839
Information/Prof.& Bus.Serv.	943	1,072	1,060	1,408	1,479	1,384	3,236	3,357	3,367	7,725	7,839	7,562
Other Services	NA	NA	NA	3,684	3,747	3,619						
Total Government	3,144	3,729	3,144	2,749	2,804	2,606	3,694	3,851	3,558	10,758	12,937	10,629

Current month preliminary. Estimates based on March 2002 benchmark.

3,000 more than in December. The increase in unemployed produced a higher unemployment rate in January of 7.4 percent compared with 6.0 percent in December and 7.3 percent twelve months earlier.

All counties in the region had higher unemployment rates in January, as did 71 of the state's 72 counties. However, only Dunn, Clark and Pepin counties were among the 42 where rates declined from one year ago.

The number of jobs with employers in each of the nine counties was greater in January than twelve months earlier, indicating that employers were adding jobs during 2002. However, from December to January the region lost nearly 7,000 jobs.

Reductions in government employment, especially state government, resulted in the greatest loss of jobs from an industry sector. There were nearly 3,000 fewer state government jobs, primarily in counties with state universities, in January than in December. The Eau Claire metro area absorbed the majority of the reductions, however, as students left for the holidays and cooks, janitors, room cleaners, and office support staff were laid off.

The second greatest loss in jobs occurred in construction, and effected every county in the region. Re-

gionwide, roughly 1,200 construction workers, typical for the time of year, were laid off during the month. In January there were roughly 6,500 construction workers still on the job in the region compared with 6,400 workers one year earlier. Laid off construction workers, along with workers from manufacturing employers, comprise the over half the claims filed for unemployment compensation benefits.

The substantial number of claims from workers losing their production job is reflected in the continued weakness of the manufacturing employment. In January there were over 600 fewer production jobs than one year earlier. Nearly every county in the region is suffering from the loss of manufacturing jobs.

The unusual weather and lack of snow did drive some employers to lay off workers. Claims from workers in retail trade and services increased by mid-January and were slightly higher than during the same period one year ago. But there were also more jobs. In January there were roughly 16,500 jobs, 1,000 more than one year ago, in the leisure and hospitality sector, a new group under the North American Industry Classification System that is being introduced this month.